

## STOCKMEN LOSE THROUGH TARIFF

Discrimination of Germany Is the Most Expensive.

## APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT

MATTER TO BE DISCUSSED IN NEXT MESSAGE.

Washington, May 28.—For the purpose of enlisting the sympathies of President Roosevelt in a larger export market for American meats, F. J. Hagenbarth of Denver, Colo., president of the National Live Stock association, called at the White house. So great was the president's interest that he has promised to deal with the subject in his next annual message to congress, and will take up a number of other matters of vital importance to live stock men.

"Nothing can compensate for the loss of a market, except to get that market back," said Mr. Hagenbarth to the president. "We have lost more than a billion dollars annually for the last three or four years in export market for meats alone through commercial understandings that have resulted in tariff retaliation against meat from this country. Germany's discrimination has been the most severe, although the loss of the French market has cost live stock interests \$400,000 annually.

The president encouraged Mr. Hagenbarth to continue his explanation, and then asked him what he proposed as a solution.

"Reciprocity preferably, and if we can't get that, retaliation," replied Mr. Hagenbarth. "The president agreed as to the remedy, although he thought that reciprocity and retaliation could both be adopted by the United States—a reciprocal arrangement with countries that were disposed to be friendly commercially and saving the retaliatory drawback for countries that were unfriendly. He agreed with Mr. Hagenbarth that the subject was one that should go before congress and the people, and asked the president of the live stock association to present a brief that would inform him of the association's position. Mr. Hagenbarth promised to put the brief in the president's hands by July 1.

## ACUTE STAGE REACHED

Really Serious Consequences Threatened to Follow Latest Dispute in Austro-Hungary.

Vienna, May 28.—The political situation in Hungary has passed within the last few days from the passive stage of recent months into a comparatively acute stage that is threatening really serious consequences. From the peacefulness of the past, in his stead will be appointed, if he can form a cabinet, General Baron Fejervary, formerly Hungarian minister of national defence, which office he had to resign because of great unpopularity arising from his extreme partisanship in the crown in matters within his jurisdiction.

The rights guaranteed Hungarians under their constitution, leading men of that country say, are upon the eve of being threatened by the crown's action, and the Hungarians are preparing to contest these infringements in a manner which holds the possibility of bringing serious results to the monarch's throne.

The possibilities with which the political situation is pregnant, may lead to a state of affairs meaning practically revolution, especially as Baron Fejervary is thought to be a man who will carry out the crown's wishes irrespective of Hungarian national demands. The situation has not been so threatening as it is today since peace was established between Austria and Hungary in 1867.

The struggle in Hungary today can fairly be called in its broader outlines an energetic and popular fight for rights against the undue prerogatives of the royal prerogative. In the developments which probably will follow the appointment of Baron Fejervary, the Hungarians foresee a serious infringement of their rights guaranteed by the constitution which the king is sworn to respect and which dates back a thousand years, consecrated by the blood of countless thousands of Hungarians.

The country is thoroughly aroused with a view to protecting its most sacred institutions against any assault. The Fejervary ministry would be colorless and neutral, composed of members of the minority, would be unconstitutional, and would be attacked by the combined majority. It would be immediately discredited and the house of deputies would then have to be adjourned. Such an adjournment in the present condition of the country, it is pointed out, would also be unconstitutional.

The Hungarians are in no sort to accept such a prospect. Among the measures which the Hungarians declare they will employ in defense of their constitutional rights are the refusal to pay taxes, the refusal to legally collected before the house of deputies passes the budget, the refusal to grant recruits and the refusal by Hungary of its conscription to the expenses of the dual monarchy. In short, Hungary will oppose the demands of the state in every possible way.

Throughout the entire country it is becoming increasingly evident that the parliamentary majority will not allow itself to be pushed aside and the Hungarian counties are beginning to petition the house of deputies to demand the constitution with all the means at its command.

The Hungarians are now threatening every man who may accept a portfolio in the Fejervary ministry with social ostracism.

The proposition for an independent tariff for Hungary will be debated Monday.

## HAD TO HIDE IT

A mother wrote us recently that she had to keep Scott's Emulsion under lock and key—her children used to drink it whenever her back was turned. Strange that children should like something that is so good for them. It's usually the other way. Scott's Emulsion makes children comfortable, makes them fat and rosy-cheeked. Perhaps that's why they like it so much—they know it makes them feel good.

We'll send you a sample, free. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

## AMERICAN SHIP SENT TO BOTTOM

News of the Action of the Russian Fleet Confirmed—Admiralty at St. Petersburg Justifies it on Account of Military Necessity.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—Confirmation has been received here from Shanghai of the press report that the Russian warships have sunk an unknown American merchant ship off the Chinese coast. Heavy gun fire is plainly heard to the northward.

## Name Is Unknown.

Tokio, May 28.—The name and destination of the American steamer which Vice Admiral Rojdestvensky is reported to have sunk off Japan, about May 21 is unknown here. Details concerning the sinking of the vessel are expected to be made known when the crew of the steamer reaches Japan. Although nothing is known here about the case, it is expected in official circles that Vice Admiral Rojdestvensky will claim that the vessel was cruising.

## Russia Willing to Settle.

St. Petersburg, May 28.—(11:30 p. m.)—Nothing is known at the admiralty of the reported sinking of an unknown American steamer off Japan. Vice Admiral Rojdestvensky. It is recognized at the admiralty as quite possible that Rojdestvensky may have been compelled by military necessity to destroy a neutral. If he feared that to allow it to proceed and report the whereabouts and direction of the Russian fleet would endanger his strategic plan he had no other alternative except to take off the crew and sink the ship. Such an incident is unfortunate, but every naval officer must admit that the risk in such a crisis is too great to take any chances. If this ship was unjustifiably sunk from the standpoint of international law, Russia, of course, will have to foot the bill; but any cost is cheap if it furthered Rojdestvensky's mission.

## Will Wait for Report.

Washington, May 28.—In the absence of any information whatever regarding the reported sinking of an American steamer by Vice Admiral Rojdestvensky, the admiralty is waiting for a disinterested report to discuss publicly any international aspects the case may have. Much depends on the action of the vessel when she was halted, whether the cargo she carried was contraband, and on other matters. If the vessel refused to stop when the Russians ordered it to, the latter, according to the view here, in the exercise of their rights under the existing war conditions, had a right to sink her on the spot. Many American as well as vessels of other nationalities are asserted to be carrying contraband of war in the far east, and if the vessel was doing this she was liable to seizure under the law as to prizes and to be disposed of according to the rules of war.

## PROOF THAT PROTECTION IS A GOOD

THING FOR MAKERS OF STEEL RAILS

Washington, May 28.—In view of the published policy of the isthmian canal commission to buy in the cheapest market there have been a great many inquiries as to the price of steel rails, one of the principal articles of supply which figured in the last seventy-pound rails for \$22.50 per ton.

Colonel Edwards, administrative officer of the canal commission, addressed an inquiry to Secretary Drake of the Panama Railroad company, intended to elicit information on this point. He received a reply which in substance is that the price for steel rails in the United States for the past twelve months has been uniform at \$25 per ton, while in foreign markets the price was \$24 per ton. The exceptions were where rails were sold in the United States for

## EVEN CHRISTMAS ABOLISHED UNDER

NEW ORDER OF THINGS IN FRANCE

Paris, May 28.—The approaching separation of state and church in France has disclosed a curious situation whereby Christmas, Easter and other holidays to which the French are devoted will be abolished under the separation bill.

M. Gerault-Richard, to satisfy public opinion, has offered an amendment continuing the principal holidays under new names. The amendment, which has been accepted by those in charge of the bill, substitutes spring flowers for Easter, harvest festival for the feast of the assumption, memorial

## CONVICT IS STABBED

Injured in Combat with Fellow Prisoner at the State Penitentiary.

Two convicts at the state penitentiary engaged in a fight Saturday afternoon and one of the men was seriously injured. He was stabbed in the right side with a pocket knife.

Several of the other prisoners and a guard were standing near and they separated the men.

The men were at work in the shops when the quarrel commenced over a trivial matter. One of the men had a pocket knife concealed on his person and drew it after the other fellow, stabbing him.

Warden Arthur Pratt declined to discuss the matter last night and withheld the names of the convicts.

## Music and Drama

The first presentation of "The Beggar Student" by the B. Y. University Opera company of Provo was given at the Provo opera house on Friday night. The company made a sensation and Salt Lake people who went down to see the performance were well pleased.

The opera house at Provo, which has been the scene of the best results in chorus work that has ever been achieved in the production of the opera, is now being produced in the limit.

The opera production will be given at the Salt Lake theatre tonight with an enlarged orchestra and a new leading lady, who is said to be a very capable actress and a swell dresser.

## LACK OF DISCIPLINE.

Russian Soldiers En Route to the War Hard to Manage.

St. Petersburg, May 28.—The minister of war has issued an order relative to the frequency of disorders among troops going to the far east. He attributes these disorders to lack of discipline and inadequate preparations for the long journey, and says that, so far as military regulations are concerned, the trains are to be regarded as barracks. Occupations, the minister says, should be found for the soldiers, such as learning to read and write, and they should also be taught Japanese and Chinese words and to study maps. The military regulations should require roll calls, prayers and corporal inspections. No soldier hereafter should be allowed to leave his company during the stoppage of trains in order to visit his family if his home is in the vicinity. If the disorders continue, the minister says, officers and non-commissioned officers will be held responsible and will even be tried by court-martial.

## THOSE WHO TRY THE FOOD FAITHFULLY FOR 10 DAYS LEARN

THREE THINGS WORTH MORE THAN A GOLD MINE TO ANYONE WHO

VALUES HEALTH AT ITS WORTH.

First, that a few ounces of perfectly digested food yields more nourishment and strength than many pounds of any kind of food undigested.

Second, that it is in Grape-Nuts alone, that the starch part of the grain (that part which is known to supply energy) is naturally predigested in the process of manufacture. Government tests of all the principal foods show no food known

as much as one-half the solubility (the digestive test) in cold water as Grape-Nuts do.

Third, that nervous systems, exhausted by the high strain of present day requirements, can be and are rebuilt quickly when fed on Grape-Nuts, because Nature's Phosphate of Potash and Albumen are present in the food and from these two things

and water, the life forces make up the soft gray matter with which to re-fill the depleted nerve centres throughout the body and brain. A distinct feeling of buoyancy and mental strength follows a "Grape-Nuts diet."

See suggestions in little brochure in pkg. The way back to health by Grape-Nuts is pleasant and most profitable.

"There's a reason."

Have one particular and special bargain in a high-grade piano of exquisite tone, which they will sell a good deal under regular price. ASK TO SEE IT.

THE FAMOUS SHOE FOR WOMEN. VINCENT-NOTT SHOE CO. 110 MAIN STREET.

Herald Want Ads Bring Results

## STATE NEWS

## COW CAUSED DEATH

Niels Madsen of Spring City Succumbs to Injuries Received Two Weeks Ago.

Mr. Pleasant, May 28.—Niels Madsen of Spring City, a pioneer resident, died this week from the effects of an accident sustained a couple of weeks ago when a cow knocked him down and badly bruised him. Pneumonia followed and he has been seriously ill until he passed away. He was 39 years of age and had been a resident of Utah twenty-four years. His wife survives him. She has been an invalid for over ten years, and is 28 years old.

## Will Wait for Report.

John H. Seely, the well known thoroughbred sheep stock grower of this city, has recently won a prize offered by an eastern company for the best arranged dipping vat for sheep. Mr. Seely's vat was put up against competition from all parts of the country and won by a big margin. Dr. Geo. S. Hickok of the Government Bureau of Animal Industry was the judge.

Mr. Seely wrote an article very favorable to the plan followed in dipping by the local grower. Mr. Seely's vats are located about eighteen miles east of this city.

Mr. Seely attended a medical convention at Portland, Ore., and will be in the city for a visit of two or three weeks to the Portland fair and will remain indefinitely.

Albert Peterson of this city underwent an operation for tubercular peritonitis at Salt Lake hospital this week. He had been quite sick for some time and was taken there for the operation. He is said to be recovering as well as could be expected.

Walter Hasler, wife and two children, returned this week from Baltimore, where they have passed the past four years. Mr. Hasler attended a medical convention while in the eastern city and graduated with credit this week. He will go into the field here, and if a good opportunity presents itself he will go to the field here.

Prof. Guy C. Wilson came to his former home in Fairview this week from Old Mexico, where he has been for a number of years as principal of a L. D. S. academy. He will visit the Portland fair before returning.

## PLEASANT GROVE'S FIRE.

Damage Not So Great as Was First Reported.

Provo, May 28.—The fire at Pleasant Grove Saturday night was not so extensive as at first reported here. The harness shop of Ole Anderson was burned. The contents were valued at \$1,000, with \$500 insurance. The building, owned by Ole Anderson, was valued at \$200, with \$100 insurance. A dwelling situated near the shop, and also owned by Ole Anderson, was destroyed. This building was valued at \$200, with \$100 insurance. The fire was caused by a light case of kerosene, and the fire was discovered in the morning, and the opinion is given that it was the work of an incendiary.

## MAY LOSE HER ARM.

Carpet Tack Causes Case of Blood Poison.

American Fork, May 28.—Miss Pearl Hamlet is in a very critical condition as the result of blood poison. A month ago Miss Hamlet was bitten on the leg by a carpet tack. The wound was of so small importance that no attention was given to it at the time. The tack was a very serious stinger. When a doctor was called he at once lanced the abscess, having decided that it was a light case of blood poison, in an endeavor to check its spread. It evening, however, the poison was not checked and the abscess began to spread very rapidly.

The poison has got such a headway that unless a change takes place at once the arm will have to be amputated. The poison has got such a headway that unless a change takes place at once the arm will have to be amputated.

James A. Elmore of Butte, Mont., formerly of this place, came here yesterday for a short visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nephi Elmore.

Reuben Straw and Storrs, railway contractors of Provo, were in American Fork yesterday looking after their large outfit, which is located here. They are preparing to commence some railway contract work.

Among the first work which they will do will, in all probability, be the construction of the spur from the 12th Grand Western railway at the point of the mountain to the new copper town of Rosine.

Mrs. J. A. Wright, who underwent an operation recently at the Latter-day Saints hospital for internal trouble, is now so far recovered that she can be about.

The proposition of establishing a launch service on Utah lake is still being very strongly advocated by prominent men of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Durrant of Spanish Fork, formerly of this place, are spending a short visit here as the guests of Mr. Durrant's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Durrant.

John E. Booth of Provo delivered a memorial lecture in the American Fork Fourth Ward meeting house today.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Crookston, Jr., of this place, have returned from a month's visit in California, having visited their daughter at Los Angeles while gone.

Thomas McNeil and Vern Walker of this place left here Friday for Yermal, where Mr. Walker's parents are located.

Mrs. Martha Fenn of this place is in Provo spending a month as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Crookston, Jr., of this place, having returned from a month's visit in California, having visited their daughter at Los Angeles while gone.

The Sunday school superintendent of the American Fork Third Ward tendered their teachers a ward banquet last evening.

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Miss Sadie Durrant of American Fork gave birth to a daughter yesterday.

Water has been struck in an artesian well at the home of William Thornton at a depth of 28 feet.

Mrs. Harry J. Kruse of this place, who recently underwent an operation at the Latter-day Saints hospital, has returned home in a very much improved condition.

Miss Laura Boley delivered a memorial lecture today in the American Fork First ward. Mr. John W. Walker delivered a like sermon in the Third ward.

## LOOKING FOR NEW MARKETS.

Carbon County Mines Working on Half Time.

Price, Utah, May 28.—The mines of the Utah Fuel company, four in number, in Carbon county and one at Somerset, Colorado, are at this time working a smaller number of coal diggers than for a number of years, but with slight prospect of any increase until new markets are opened to the west by the building of Gould's Western Pacific from Salt Lake City to the Pacific coast. The Utah Fuel company is at this time working a smaller number of coal diggers than for a number of years, but with slight prospect of any increase until new markets are opened to the west by the building of Gould's Western Pacific from Salt Lake City to the Pacific coast.

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